## ABC NEWS/MONEY CONSUMER INDEX - 10/10/99

 EMBARGOED FOR RELEASE AFTER 6:30 p.m. Wednesday, Oct. 13, 1999
## The Price of Wealth? $\$ 200,000$ - or Less

What's it take to be rich in this country? Bill Gates' billions are overkill: Most Americans say a tidy $\$ 200,000$ a year would do just fine - and a plurality would settle for $\$ 100,000$.

Fifty-four percent name $\$ 200,000$ or less as the annual income figure they equate with wealth. That includes 44 percent who say $\$ 100,00$ a year or less will do it. At the other end of the spectrum, 24 percent say it takes $\$ 1$ million or more a year to be rich.

The median annual household income in this country was \$38,885 in 1998.
Low-income Americans have more modest expectations about what it would take to be rich; they're significantly more likely than their better-off counterparts to say $\$ 100,000$ or less per year would do it. That makes sense, since it would take less money to greatly enhance the standard of living of those who are currently getting by on lower incomes.

Younger and less-educated people also have lower targets for true wealth; these tend to be lower-income groups.

Views of what it takes to be rich haven't changed much since 1990, even with the booming economy, soaring stock market and recurring stories about newly minted Internet millionaires. About the same number as in 1990 say it takes $\$ 100,000$ a year or less to be rich, and the median range ( $\$ 100,000$ to $\$ 200,000$ ) is the same. There has been a shift on the higher end: Those saying $\$ 1$ million or more have increased from 16 percent in 1990 to 24 percent now.

CONFIDENCE - Separately, consumer confidence rebounded slightly this week, reversing a three-week decline that had pushed it to its lowest level in 11 months. Confidence still is having its best year in 13 years of ABC News/Money magazine polls.

This week 72 percent of Americans rate the economy positively, 34 points above average but down from a record 77 percent. Sixty-seven percent say their own finances are good, a few points below its high of 70 percent; and 50 percent call it a good time to buy things, down from a record 56 percent.

Confidence has been extraordinarily high since the beginning of last year, thanks largely to low unemployment, inflation and interest rates and a strong job market.


INDEX - The ABC/Money Consumer Comfort Index, based on these gauges, stands at +26 on its scale of +100 to -100 . That's up three points after a three-week decline of seven points.

The index is averaging +28 this year, four points higher than last year's record of +24 and much higher than its lifetime average of -13 .
$\left.\begin{array}{lcl} & \begin{array}{c}\text { ABC/Money } \\ +26\end{array} & \text { Index } \\ \text { Today week } & +23\end{array}\right)$

Call the ABC News Polling Unit, ext. 2621, for a chart tracking the ABC/Money index over time.

GROUPS - As usual, confidence is higher among better-off Americans: The index is +55 in higher-income households compared to -31 in the lowest; +43 among college graduates but -12 among high-school dropouts; +30 among whites but -1 among blacks; and +35 among men compared to +17 among women.

Here's a closer look at the three components of the index:
NATIONAL ECONOMY- The poll asks: Would you describe the state of the nation's economy these days as excellent, good, not so good or poor? Seventy-two percent say excellent or good, up two points from last week. The record, 77 percent, was set Jan. 10 and tied in March, April and July. The worst rating was seven percent in late 1991 and early 1992.

|  |  | Pos. NET | Excel. | Good | Neg. NET | Not good | Poor |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| This | week | $72 \%$ | 12 | 60 | 28 | 20 | 8 |
| Avg. since $12 / 85$ | 38 | 3 | 35 | 62 | 41 | 21 |  |

PERSONAL FINANCES - The poll asks: Would you describe the state of your own personal finances these days as excellent, good, not so good or poor? Sixty-seven percent say excellent or good, up two points. The record, 70 percent, was set Aug. 30, 1998, and tied this January, June and September. The worst was 42 percent March 14, 1993.

| Pos. NET | Excel. | Good |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $67 \%$ | 7 | 60 |


| Neg. NET | Not good | Poor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | 23 | 10 |

BUYING CLIMATE - The poll asks: Considering the cost of things today and your own personal finances, would you say now is an excellent time, a good time, a not so good time or a poor time to buy the things you want and need? Fifty percent say excellent or good, up one point. The record was 56 percent Nov. 29, 1998; the worst rating, 20 percent, was set in fall 1990.

|  | Pos. NET | Excel. | Good | Neg. net | Not good | Poor |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| This week | 50\% | 5 | 45 | 50 | 34 | 16 |
| Avg. since $12 / 85$ | 37 | 3 | 35 | 63 | 41 | 22 |

METHODOLOGY - The ABC News/Money magazine Consumer Comfort Index represents a rolling average based on telephone interviews with about 1,000 adults nationwide each month. This week's results are based on 1,042 interviews in the month ending Oct. 10 and have an error margin of plus or minus three percentage points. The question on wealth was conducted Sept. 29-Oct. 10 among 514 respondents; that result has a 4.5-point error margin. Fieldwork by ICR-International Communications Research of Media, Pa.

The ABC/Money index is derived as follows: The negative response to each index question is subtracted from the positive response to that question. The three resulting numbers are then added and divided by three. The index can range from +100 (everyone positive on all three measures) to -100 (all negative on all three measures). The survey began in December 1985.

Analysis by Daniel Merkle.

ABC News polls can be found at ABCNEWS.com on the Internet, at: http://abcnews.go.com/sections/politics/PollVault/PollVault.html

| 10/10/99 | This Week | Last Week | 4 Wks Ago | 3 Mo. Ago | $1 \mathrm{Yr} \text { Ago }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { Mo } \\ & \text { High } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \mathrm{Mo} \\ \text { Low } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \mathrm{Mo} \\ \mathrm{Avg} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GENERAL POPULATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overall Index | 26 | 23 | 30 | 29 | 25 | 32 | 21 | 28 |
| State of Economy | 44 | 40 | 46 | 50 | 44 | 54 | 36 | 46 |
| Personal Finances | 34 | 30 | 40 | 28 | 30 | 40 | 28 | 33 |
| Buying Climate | 0 | -2 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 12 | -4 | 4 |
|  | OVERALL INDEX BY DEMOGRAPHIC GROUPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sex: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 35 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 34 | 44 | 30 | 35 |
| Women | 17 | 11 | 25 | 18 | 16 | 31 | 11 | 20 |
| Age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18-34 | 26 | 23 | 29 | 31 | 19 | 35 | 17 | 27 |
| 35-44 | 16 | 19 | 32 | 28 | 30 | 40 | 16 | 29 |
| 45-54 | 26 | 20 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 41 | 13 | 28 |
| 55-64 | 35 | 25 | 23 | 16 | 31 | 47 | 12 | 27 |
| $65+$ | 29 | 25 | 30 | 19 | 24 | 37 | 17 | 27 |


| Income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under \$15K | -31 | -26 | -19 | -42 | -10 | -10 | -42 | -22 |
| \$15K To \$24.9K | 3 | -7 | -1 | -2 | 1 | 8 | -15 | -2 |
| \$25K To \$39.9K | 14 | 9 | 29 | 27 | 14 | 38 | 9 | 25 |
| \$40K To \$49.9K | 43 | 46 | 35 | 44 | 44 | 56 | 28 | 43 |
| Over \$50K | 55 | 53 | 64 | 62 | 57 | 67 | 52 | 60 |
| Region: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 42 | 40 | 40 | 26 | 19 | 42 | 15 | 28 |
| Midwest | 31 | 22 | 25 | 26 | 38 | 41 | 20 | 33 |
| South | 17 | 14 | 22 | 26 | 21 | 31 | 14 | 23 |
| West | 20 | 21 | 38 | 33 | 22 | 43 | 13 | 29 |
| Race: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 30 | 27 | 33 | 34 | 27 | 37 | 23 | 31 |
| Black | -1 | -10 | 12 | -4 | 5 | 22 | -10 | 5 |
| Politics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Republican | 38 | 38 | 40 | 45 | 33 | 49 | 28 | 38 |
| Democrat | 23 | 18 | 35 | 19 | 28 | 35 | 18 | 26 |
| Independent | 24 | 16 | 19 | 28 | 20 | 34 | 15 | 24 |
| Education: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < High School | -12 | -24 | -9 | -18 | -2 | 6 | -27 | -8 |
| High Sch. Grad. | 18 | 19 | 24 | 15 | 20 | 31 | 10 | 20 |
| College + | 43 | 40 | 48 | 50 | 37 | 52 | 36 | 44 |
| Home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Own | 34 | 28 | 32 | 32 | 34 | 40 | 26 | 33 |
| Rent | 2 | 5 | 22 | 16 | 3 | 26 | $\bigcirc$ | 11 |
| Marital Status: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single | 18 | 20 | 24 | 25 | 13 | 36 | 13 | 24 |
| Married | 34 | 28 | 37 | 33 | 32 | 41 | 27 | 33 |
| Sep/Wid/Div | 1 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 13 | 18 | -3 | 6 |
| Employ. Status: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-Time | 33 | 30 | 35 | 39 | 30 | 44 | 26 | 35 |
| Part-Time | 25 | 19 | 38 | 13 | 25 | 38 | 5 | 22 |
| Not Employed | 15 | 12 | 20 | 14 | 16 | 26 | 6 | 16 |

236. Different people have different ideas of how much money it takes to be rich in this country. How much income a year, in dollars, do you think a person has to have in this country to be rich in the financial sense?
Less than $\$ 50,000$
$\$ 50,000$
Over $\$ 50,000$ but under $\$ 100,000$
$\$ 100,000$
0 ver $\$ 100,000$ but under $\$ 200,000$
$\$ 200,000$
0 ver $\$ 200,000$ but under $\$ 250,000$
$\$ 250,000$
0 ver $\$ 250,000$ but under $\$ 500,000$
$\$ 500,000$
$0 v e r$
$\$ 500,000$ but under $\$ 1,000,000$
$\$ 1,000,000$
Over $\$ 1,000,000$
Don't Know
$10 / 10 / 99$
11
4
11
18
6
4
0
4
4
4
0
13
11
10
$10 / 7 / 90$
7
7
12
19
8
6
3
3
2
7
3
7
9
6
$7 / 30 / 89$
12
9
13
13
7
5
1
5
2
4
2
10
5
12

COLLAPSED CATEGORIES

| Less Than $\$ 100,000$ | 26 | 26 | 34 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 100,000$ | 18 | 19 | $13<-$ MEDIAN |
| Over $\$ 100,000$ but under $\$ 200,000$ | 6 | $<-$ MEDIAN | 8 |
| Between $\$ 200,000$ and $\$ 500,000$ | 16 | 21 | 3 |
| Over $\$ 500,000$ but under $\$ 1,000,000$ | 0 | 7 | 17 |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ | 13 | 9 | 2 |
| Over $\$ 1,000,000$ | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| Don't Know | 10 |  | 12 |

